CLAIM AMENDMENTS:

- 1. (canceled)
- 2. (canceled)
- 3. (canceled)
- 4. (canceled)
- 5. (canceled)

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6. (new) A laser welding method, which comprises:

supplying a filler wire to a welding object portion, and

welding the welding object portion by immediate physical irradiation of the welding object portion by a laser beam from a laser source;

wherein the filler wire is supplied obliquely from forward or backward in a welding advance direction such that an angle between the supplying direction of the filler wire and a beam axis of the laser beam is less than 45°.

- 7. (new) A laser welding method as claimed in claim 6, wherein the filler wire is supplied from backward of the laser beam with respect to the welding advance direction.
- 8. (new) A laser welding method as claimed in claim 6, wherein the laser beam is a focused laser beam. C = 10 30
- 9. (new) A laser welding method as claimed in claim 6, wherein the laser beam is supplied in a direction substantially perpendicular to a welding advance direction.

10. (new) A laser welding method, which comprises:

supplying a filler wire to a welding object portion, and

welding the welding object portion by irradiation with a laser beam,

including weaving the laser beam in a direction substantially perpendicular to

a welding advance direction;

wherein the filler wire is supplied obliquely from forward or backward in the welding advance direction such that an angle between the supplying direction of the filler wire and a beam axis of the laser beam is less than 45°.

- 11. (new) A laser welding method as claimed in claim 10, wherein the filler wire is supplied from backward of the laser beam with respect to the welding advance direction.
- 12. (new) A laser welding method as claimed in claim 10, wherein the welding is carried out satisfying the following relationship:

$$Vw/F \le 2D/\sin\theta$$

where θ is an angle between the beam axis L of the laser beam and a supplying direction of the filler wire, D is key hole diameter, Vw is a supplying speed of the filler wire, and F is a weaving frequency of the laser beam.